

The figure displays four histograms, each representing a different class: OM, SUPA, SUPB, and ZM. The x-axis for all histograms is the number of nodes, ranging from 0 to 100. The y-axis represents the frequency, ranging from 0 to 10. The distributions are as follows:

- class: OM:** The distribution is very low, with a frequency of 1 for 10 nodes and 2 for 20 nodes.
- class: SUPA:** The distribution is shifted to the right, with a frequency of 1 for 10 nodes, 2 for 20 nodes, and 3 for 30 nodes. A horizontal line is drawn at a frequency of 2.
- class: SUPB:** The distribution is shifted further to the right, with a frequency of 1 for 10 nodes, 2 for 20 nodes, and 3 for 30 nodes. A horizontal line is drawn at a frequency of 3.
- class: ZM:** The distribution is very low, with a frequency of 1 for 10 nodes and 2 for 20 nodes.

class: SUPA

class: ZM