

The bar chart displays the distribution of the 'class' variable for two different time points: 'Day\_0' and 'Day\_7\_UR+MR+LR'. The y-axis represents the frequency or count of observations, ranging from 0 to 10. The x-axis shows the two classes: 'class: Day\_0' and 'class: Day\_7\_UR+MR+LR'.

For 'class: Day\_0', there are five bars with heights approximately 8, 7, 9, 9, and 9. For 'class: Day\_7\_UR+MR+LR', there are four very short bars, all with heights near 0.

Class	Bar 1	Bar 2	Bar 3	Bar 4	Bar 5
class: Day_0	8	7	9	9	9
class: Day_7_UR+MR+LR	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2

class: Day\_0

class: Day\_7\_UR+MR+LR

Relative abundance